UNITED
NATIONS

TD

United Nations Conference
on Trade and Development

Distr.
LIMITED

TD/B/WP/L.68
21 June 1994

Original: ENGLISH

TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD
Working Party on the Medium-term Plan
and the Programme Budget
Twenty-third session
Geneva, 20 June 1994
Agenda item 6

DRAFT REPORT OF THE WORKING PARTY ON THE MEDIUM-TERM PLAN AND THE PROGRAMME BUDGET ON ITS TWENTY-THIRD SESSION

Rapporteur: Mr. Vladimir Skliarov (Russian Federation)

INTRODUCTION - CHAPTER I (ITEM 3) - CHAPTER II (ORGANIZATIONAL MATTERS)

Speaker: Director of Programme Support
and Management Services

Note for Delegations

This draft report is a provisional text circulated for clearance by delegations.

Requests for amendments - to be submitted in English or French - should be communicated by Wednesday, 29 June 1994 at the latest to:

The UNCTAD Editorial Section
Room E.8106
Fax No. 907 0056
Tel. No. 907 5654 or 5655

INTRODUCTION

1. The twenty-third session of the Working Party on the Medium-term Plan and the Programme Budget was held at the Palais des Nations, Geneva, from 20 to 24 June 1994. In the course of the session, the Working Party held two plenary meetings - the 103rd and 104th meetings. All other meetings were informal and held in private.

2. In his opening statement, the **Director of Programme Support and Management Services** expressed the secretariat's deep appreciation to the outgoing Chairman, Mr. Michael Mugliston (Australia), for the very active and effective role he had played in the work of the Working Party. His thanks went also to the Vice-Chairman-cum-Rapporteur, Mr. José Perez Gabilondo (Argentina) for his excellent contribution.

3. Turning to the proposals for the second revision to the Medium-term Plan 1992-1997, he recalled that the current Medium-term Plan was first revised in 1992. This, the second and last revision, covered the last two years of the Plan, that is 1996-1997.

4. The Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation - usually referred to as the "programme planning rules" - provided for four instruments of integrated management. This "cycle" of four instruments - consisting of the Medium-term Plan, the Programme Budget, Monitoring and Evaluation - was meant to "form an integral part of the general policy-making and management process of the Organization." (Regulation 2.2).

5. Under Regulation 3.2, the Medium-term Plan was "a translation of legislative mandates into programmes" and "its objectives and strategies shall be derived from the policy orientations and goals set by the intergovernmental organs". Furthermore, Regulation 3.4 provided that the plan "shall serve as a framework for the formulation of the biennial programme budgets".

6. The mandate for revisions to the Medium-term Plan was set out in Regulation 3.11 which provided for revisions "as necessary every two years to incorporate required programme changes". In accordance with this Regulation, at its forty-eighth session the General Assembly had requested the Secretary-General

of the United Nations to prepare proposed revisions to the current plan for the General Assembly's review at its forty-ninth session.

7. The programme planning rules also provided for sectoral and functional intergovernmental bodies to review those parts of the Medium-term Plan within their area of competence before the central review bodies at United Nations Headquarters, New York. The proposed revisions were accordingly before the Working Party for its review.

8. Prior to the Working Party's detailed review - for which individual programme managers would be available to provide clarifications and to reply to any questions - he gave the following explanation of the proposed revisions to the Medium-term Plan and the reasons underlying them.

9. The revisions proposed under Programmes 13 and 14 largely reflected the outcome of the Trade and Development Board's review and evaluation of the work programme of UNCTAD's intergovernmental machinery. This outcome could be highlighted as follows:

(a) While recognizing that the five Ad Hoc Working Groups established under the Cartagena Commitment (dealing with: Investment and Financial Flows, Privatization, Interrelationship between Investment and Technology Transfer, Expansion of Trading Opportunities, and Trade Efficiency) had been successful and their conclusions provided orientations for future work, creating the basis for further movement in the "dynamic and progressive sequence" set out at UNCTAD VIII (paras. 51-57 of Cartagena Commitment), the Board had decided to wind up the work of four Ad Hoc Working Groups and to convert the Ad Hoc Working Group on Trade Efficiency into a Preparatory Committee for the United Nations International Symposium on Trade Efficiency scheduled for September 1994 at Columbus, Ohio. An executive session of the Board would be convened after the Symposium to consider its follow-up.

(b) Furthermore, the Board had established and adopted terms of reference for three ad hoc working groups, on Trade, Environment and Development, the Role of Enterprises in Development, and Trading Opportunities in the New International Trading Context. In addition, intergovernmental consultations were to continue in connection with the formulation of terms of reference for the Ad Hoc Working Group to Explore the

Issue of Structural Adjustment for the Transition to Disarmament, whose establishment was mandated under Board decision 399 (XXXIX).

(c) Lastly, and with respect to the Standing Committees which were also established under the Cartagena Commitment, the Board had decided that they were to continue with their work. However, the Board had recognized that the existing work programmes of these Committees were too ambitious given, among other things, the resource constraints of the secretariat, and hence the Board had called for better focus in their work.

10. In the light of the developments just referred to, the secretariat proposed the revisions to Programmes 13 and 14 now before the Working Party. With respect to subprogramme 13.1 (International competition and trade policies) the revisions took into account the programmatic implications of the Ad Hoc Working Group on Trade, Environment and Development. The revisions to subprogrammes 13.3 (Development Finance and Debt), and 13.9 (Privatization, entrepreneurship and competitiveness) took into account the programmatic implications of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Role of Enterprises in Development. And similarly, revisions to subprogramme 14.1 (Trade expansion, export development and services sector development) took into account the programmatic implications of the Ad Hoc Working Group on Trading Opportunities in the New International Trading Context.

11. In addition, at its thirty-ninth session the Board had decided to consider the theme "Trade and environment" at the first part of each of its annual sessions. This has also been reflected in the revisions to subprogrammes 13.1, 13.2 and 17.3.

12. Coming to Programme 15, he said that there were three intergovernmental decisions that were reflected in the revised text:

(a) In the first place, with respect to LDCs he recalled that, under resolution 48/171, the General Assembly had decided to convene a High-level Intergovernmental Meeting on the Mid-term Global Review of the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s, and to adopt national and international policies and measures for accelerating their development. UNCTAD had been entrusted with the preparation and the follow-up of the Meeting.

(b) Furthermore, the Second Meeting of Governmental Experts from Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Representatives of Donor Countries and Financial and Development Institutions required follow-up to be undertaken by UNCTAD.

(c) Thirdly, UNCTAD was also expected to support the implementation of the Programme of Action for Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States adopted at the Barbados Conference in April 1994.

13. With reference to Programmes 17 and 23, under resolution 47/212 B, the General Assembly had approved the transfer to UNCTAD of the activities reflected in subprogrammes 1, 2, and 4 of Programme 17, and those reflected in Programme 23. The same resolution called for further improvement of efficiency and effectiveness in addressing development and interrelated issues in the areas of trade, finance, investment, services and technology.

14. In the case of Programme 17, the restructuring of the economic and social sectors necessitated revisions in: (a) the general orientation and overall strategy of the programme, and (b) the structure and content of existing subprogrammes.

15. The secretariat was proposing that the subprogramme structure be modified as follows:

(a) Termination of subprogramme 3 in Programme 17 (A/47/6/Rev.1) due to the decision to assign responsibility to the Department for Policy Coordination and Sustainable Development (DPCSD) in New York for co-ordinating related activities of the United Nations system on science and technology for sustainable development;

(b) Owing to the related nature of the activities and the need for rationalization and streamlining, it was proposed that subprogramme 4, dealing with information services, be merged with subprogramme 2 dealing with the advance technology assessment system (A/47/6/Rev.1);

(c) Moving subprogramme 4 (investment and technology) of Programme 13 (trade and development) to Programme 17 to achieve consistency and synergy in the treatment of technology-related issues.

16. Furthermore, it was proposed that subprogramme 1 (former subprogramme 1 of Programme 17) and subprogramme 3 (former subprogramme 4 of Programme 13), which were originally designated high priority, remain so.

17. As for Programme 23, in the light of the restructuring of the economic and social sectors, he recalled that, at its twentieth session in May 1994, the Commission on Transnational Corporations had decided to recommend to the General Assembly the adoption of a draft resolution calling for the integration of the Commission into the institutional machinery of UNCTAD and renaming it the Commission on International Investment and Transnational Corporations. In turn, at the resumed second part of its fortieth session, the Board had responded positively to this recommendation.

18. It was proposed that Programme 23 be revised to reflect these intergovernmental decisions. In addition, at its twentieth session, the Commission on Transnational Corporations had reviewed its work programme. As a result, it had proposed to the Economic and Social Council revisions to the general orientation and the work programme of the Commission. Without prejudice to the decision of the Council and the General Assembly on this recommendation, revisions were proposed to Programme 23, in particular subprogramme 1. Amendments would be made according to the outcome of the deliberations in the Economic and Social Council.

19. It was proposed that subprogrammes 2 and 3 be designated high priority.

20. He reminded delegations that the intergovernmental review body for the proposed subprogrammes 1 and 2 of Programme 17 was the Commission on Science and Technology for Development and the review body for Programme 23 was the Commission on Transnational Corporations. Accordingly, the narrative for subprogrammes 1 and 2 of Programme 17 and that for Programme 23 was being made available for information and to assist in the review of the other Programmes by the Working Party.

21. Lastly, he gave the following clarification on two other issues:

(a) Regarding subprogramme 13.11 (Environment and sustainable development), while cross-sectoral work had been transferred to the Department of Policy Coordination and Sustainable Development (DPCSD) in New York, the UNCTAD secretariat was of the view that, for reference purposes as a policy directive, it was desirable to keep this subprogramme in the Medium-

term Plan. The subprogramme provided a comprehensive overview of the work done by UNCTAD in this area. And, furthermore, member States attached great importance to the issue, as evidenced by the Board's decision at its thirty-ninth session to consider the item "Trade and environment" once a year, and by the recent creation of an Ad Hoc Working Group to examine the interlinkages between trade, environment and development and related policies. Execution of the activities themselves was covered under other subprogrammes, notably, 13.1, 13.2, 13.5, 13.9, 14.4, 14.5, 14.6 and 17.3.

(b) The second issue related to that part of subprogramme 15.2 covering Assistance to the Palestinian People. The secretariat was not proposing revisions as no legislative mandate so far called for them. Nevertheless, the recent developments in the region and the processes that had been set in motion, were expected eventually to necessitate adjustment in the nature, orientation and scope of the course of action required to achieve the objectives of the Plan. This could be reflected in the Programme Budget for 1996-1997.

Chapter I

REVIEW OF THE DRAFT REVISIONS TO THE UNCTAD SECTIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS MEDIUM-TERM PLAN FOR 1992-1997

(Agenda item 3)

22. For its consideration of this agenda item, the Working Party had before it the following documentation:

- "Medium-term Plan for the period 1992-1997 as revised by the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session" vol.I: Major programmes I to IV (A/47/6/Rev.1 and Corr.1) */

- "Draft revisions to the relevant UNCTAD sections of the United Nations Medium-term Plan for the period 1992-1997" - prepared by the UNCTAD secretariat (TD/B/WP(XXIII)/CRP.1 and Add.1).

[To be completed as appropriate]

*/ In parallel with this document, the UNCTAD secretariat circulated informally a consolidated text of Programmes 13-17 indicating the proposed revisions.

Chapter II

ORGANIZATIONAL MATTERS

A. Opening of the session

(i) The twenty-third session of the Working Party was opened on 20 June 1994 by Mr. Michael Mugliston (Australia), Chairman of the Working Party at its twenty-second session.

B. Election of officers
(Agenda item 1)

(ii) At its 103rd (opening) meeting, on 20 June 1994, the Working Party elected Mr. Gomi Senadhira (Sri Lanka) as its Chairman and Mr. Vladimir Skliarov (Russian Federation) as its Vice-Chairman-cum-Rapporteur.

C. Adoption of the agenda and organization of work
(Agenda item 2)

(iii) Also at its 103rd meeting, the Working Party adopted the provisional agenda for its twenty-third session (TD/B/WP/83), as follows:

1. Election of officers
2. Adoption of the agenda and organization of work
3. Review of the draft revisions to the UNCTAD sections of the United Nations Medium-term Plan for 1992-1997
4. Provisional agenda for the twenty-fourth session of the Working Party
5. Other business
6. Adoption of the report of the Working Party to the Trade and Development Board.

(iv) With regard to the organization of work for the session, the Working Party decided to consider the proposed revisions to the Medium-term Plan in an informal working group. In this connection, the Working Party approved the tentative

timetable annexed to TD/B/WP/83 and an informal paper circulated by the secretariat entitled "Suggested sequence for discussion".

D. Provisional agenda for the twenty-fourth session of the Working Party

(Agenda item 4)

[To be completed]

E. Adoption of the report of the Working Party to the Trade and Development Board

(Agenda item 6)

[To be completed]